IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (original) A modified diene- α -olefin copolymer which is represented by the formula (1) below and has $H_2C=C(R^5)$ -COO- in at least a part of the ends,

$$R^{1} \leftarrow CH = CH = CH - CH_{2} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} CH_{2} \rightarrow CH & CH_{2} \rightarrow CH & R^{2} \\ & CH = CHR^{3} & R^{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(1)$$

wherein R¹ and R² independently represent a hydroxyl group or H₂C=C(R⁵)-COO-, R³s, R⁵s, and R⁶s independently represent a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms, R⁴s independently represent a phenyl group, a pyridyl group, a chlorine atom, a cyclohexyl group, or a carbonyloxyalkyl group, and l, m, and n represent the number of repetition.

- 2. (original) The modified diene- α -olefin copolymer according to claim 1, having a number average molecular weight of 300 to 10,000.
- 3. (original) The modified diene- α -olefin copolymer according to claim 1, wherein the amount of α -olefin compounds is 1 to 90 mol % in the total amount of the copolymer.
- 4. (original) The modified diene- α -olefin copolymer according to claim 1, wherein the proportion of the end with a structure of $H_2C=C(R^5)$ -COO- is 20 to 100 mol % of the total end groups.
- 5. (original) The modified diene- α -olefin copolymer according to claim 1, wherein the R^4 is a phenyl group.

6. (original) A method for producing the modified diene-α-olefin copolymer according to claim 1, comprising reacting a diene-α-olefin copolymer shown by the following formula (2) with an unsaturated carboxylic acid shown by the following formula (3) or a derivative thereof, adding 1 mg to 1 g of a radical scavenger per 100 g of the copolymer,

$$OH \xrightarrow{CH} CH = CH \xrightarrow{CH_2} 1 \xrightarrow{CH} CH_2 \xrightarrow{CH} CH_2 \xrightarrow{R^6} CH_2 \xrightarrow{CH} OH$$

$$CH = CH - CH_2 \xrightarrow{CH} CH_2 \xrightarrow{CH} CH_2 \xrightarrow{CH} CH_2 \xrightarrow{R^6} CH_2 \xrightarrow{CH} CH_$$

wherein R³s and R⁶s independently represent a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms, R⁴s independently represent a phenyl group, a pyridyl group, a chlorine atom, a cyclohexyl group, or a carbonyloxyalkyl group, and l, m, and n represent the number of repetition,

$$H_2C=C(R^5)$$
-COOH (3)

wherein R⁵ is a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group with 1 to 10 carbon atoms.

7. (original) The method for producing the modified diene- α -olefin copolymer according to claim 6, wherein the diene- α -olefin copolymer is reacted with the unsaturated carboxylic acid or a derivative thereof in a solvent, the concentration of the copolymer in the solvent being 50 wt % or less.

8. (new) The modified diene- α -olefin copolymer according to claim 1, wherein R^3 , R^5 and R^6 are each independently a hydrogen atom or a methyl group.

- 9. (new) The modified diene- α -olefin copolymer according to claim 1, wherein a molar ratio of structural unit originating from conjugated diene compounds to structural unit originating from α -olefin compounds is 10:90 to 99:1.
- 10. (new) The modified diene-α-olefin copolymer according to claim 1, wherein a molar ratio of structural unit originating from conjugated diene compounds to structural unit originating from α-olefin compounds is 20:80 to 98:2.
- 11. (new) The modified diene- α -olefin copolymer according to claim 1, wherein a molar ratio of structural unit originating from conjugated diene compounds to structural unit originating from α -olefin compounds is 30:70 to 97:3.
- 12. (new) The modified diene- α -olefin copolymer according to claim 1, wherein R^4 is a carbonyloxyalkyl group selected from the group consisting of carbonyloxymethyl and carbonyloxyethyl.
- 13. (new) The modified diene-α-olefin copolymer according to claim 1, having a number average molecular weight of 500 to 5,000.